

Licensing Data Show the Decrease in Numbers of Licensed Family Child Care Providers

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Data and Definitions

Child Care Licensing Studies

- Studies were partnerships between the National Center on Early Childhood Quality Assurance (ECQA Center) and the National Association for Regulatory Administration (NARA).
- Research began in 2005.
- Studies have been conducted in 2005, 2007, 2008, 2011, 2014, and 2017.
- Research briefs on findings and trends available at <u>https://childcareta.acf.hhs.gov/resource/trends-child-</u> <u>care-licensing-requirements-and-policies-2017</u>

Definitions of Licensed Child Care Homes

- Family child care home (FCCH)
 - One individual who provides child care services for fewer than 24 hours per day per child, as the sole caregiver, in a private residence other than the child's residence, unless care in excess of 24 hours is due to the nature of the parent(s)' work.
- Group child care home (GCCH)
 - Two or more individuals who provide child care services for fewer than 24 hours per day per child, in a private residence other than the child's residence, unless care in excess of 24 hours is due to the nature of the parent(s)' work.

Source: ECQA Center, 2015a, 2015b

States Licensing: FCCHs and GCCHs

License FCCHs: 44 states

- 7 states do **not** license FCCHs
 - Arizona, Idaho, Indiana, Louisiana, New Jersey, Ohio, and South Dakota (most of these states license GCCH providers)
- 3 states do **not** have mandatory licensing requirements for either FCCHs or GCCHs providers
 - Louisiana, New Jersey, and South Dakota

Source: ECQA Center, 2020a, 2020b

License GCCHs: 38 states

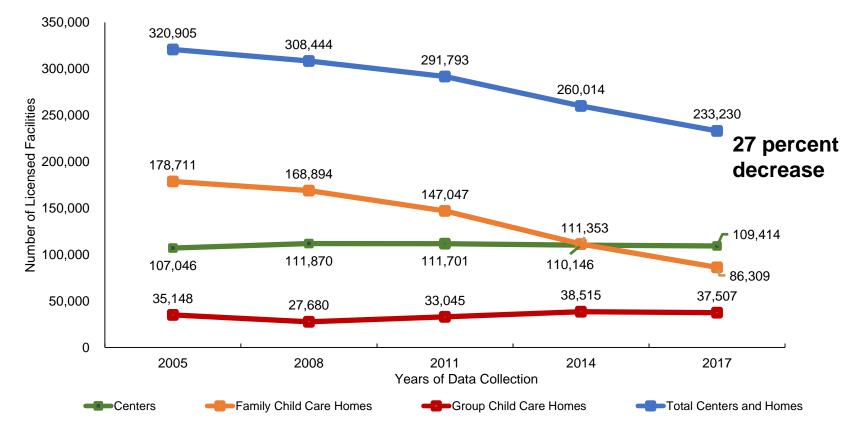
- 13 states do not license GCCHs
 - Arkansas, Georgia,
 Kentucky, Louisiana,
 Massachusetts, Maine,
 North Carolina, New
 Jersey, South Dakota,
 Virginia, Vermont,
 Washington, and
 Wisconsin (most of these
 license FCCH providers)

Number of Licensed Facilities

Trends in Number of Facilities

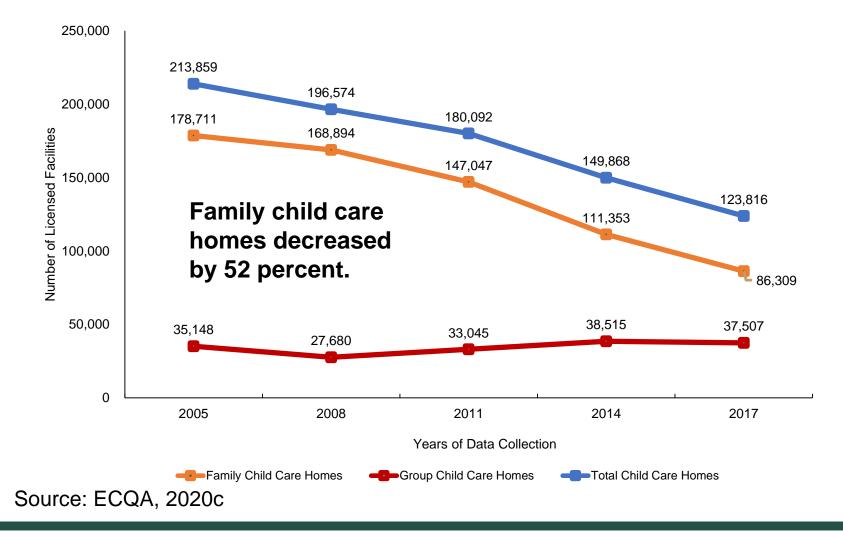
- The numbers of child care centers and group child care homes have increased since 2005.
- There has been a large drop in the number of licensed family child care homes—52 percent.
- The total number of licensed facilities has decreased by 27 percent.

Number of Licensed Facilities, 2005–2017



Source: ECQA, 2020c

Number of Licensed Homes, 2005–2017



Licensed Capacity

Trends in Licensed Capacity

- Licensed capacity is the number of licensed slots.
- Licensed capacity in centers is 87 percent of the total.
- Capacity has increased by 7 percent overall; there has been a large increase in center capacity.
- Capacity has decreased in family child care homes by 40 percent.

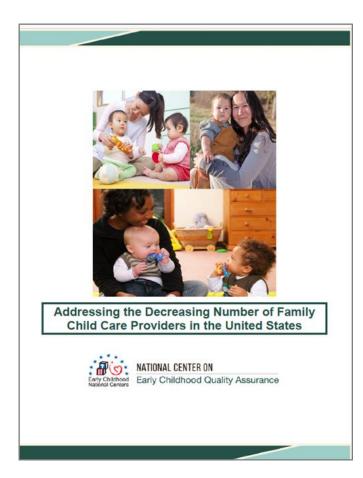
Source: ECQA, 2020c

Licensed Capacity 2005–2017

Licensed Capacity	2005	2017	Difference	Percentage Change
Child care centers	7,440,000	8,730,000	1,290,000	17%
Family child care homes	1,580,000	942,000	-638,000	-40%
Group child care homes	320,000	320,000	0	0%
Total licensed capacity	9,340,000	9,992,000	652,000	7%

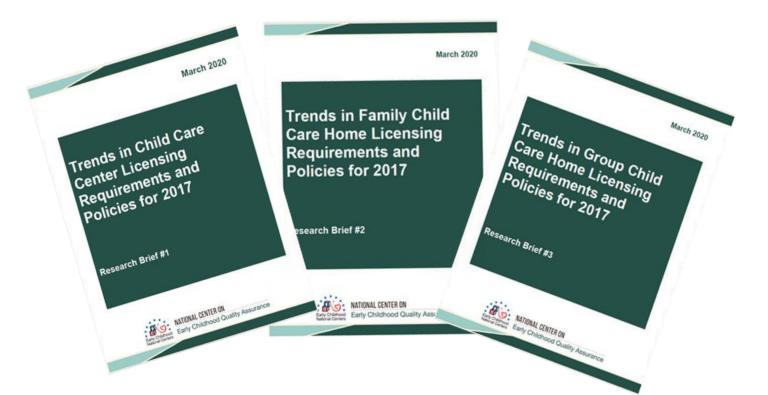
Source: ECQA Center, 2020c

Addressing the Decreasing Number of Family Child Care Providers in the U.S.



- Publication by the National Center on Early Childhood Quality Assurance
- <u>https://childcareta.acf.hhs.gov/res</u> <u>ource/addressing-decreasing-</u> <u>number-family-child-care-</u> <u>providers-united-states</u>

Trends in Child Care Licensing for 2017



https://childcareta.acf.hhs.gov/resource/trends-child-carelicensing-requirements-and-policies-2017

References

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